### WASHINGTON GOSSIP.

The Week's Doings at the National Capital.

THE BLIZZARD IN WASHINGTON.

The impression here is very strong that Gen. Hazen is overdoing the thing in the matter of the weather. Impeachment proceedings are talked of whenever Congress gets thawed out. The blizzard struck Washington Friday night. During the afternoon and evening of that day the mercury went down at a gallop, the fall being nearly 40 degrees. Snow fell rapidly and the fierce wind whiried it about in a way that was almost blinding. The people of Washington are not gauged for such polar weather. The effect seemed to be to congeal everything and everybody. During the past two or three days few people have been upon the streets unless to meet the demands of business. Such as were compelled to face the biting blasts went scurrying along, to "get there" as soon as pos-

The thermometer at zero and the wind blowing 40 miles an hour form a climatic condition not at all favorable to activity among the statesmen. The Capitol was almost deserted on Saturday. Some of the committees went through the form of meeting, but only two or three of them had a quorum present. A large percentage of the Congressmen hovered around the hotel heaters and told stories. Few of them went to church on Sunday, and it is feared their spiritual interests had a backset, to overcome which will require unusual fervency in the prayers of the Senate and House Chaplains for some days to come.

The sleighing is superb. The smooth asphalt pavements—of which there are 65 miles in Washington-give the finest of sleighing with but a small quantity of snow. Generally, however, there are so few days of it in a year, that the liverymen cannot afford to keep many cutters and sleighs. Those that can be had are in very active demand, day and night, even at the chilling price of \$5 an hour. This is the ruling rate for a stylish outfit. The delights of sleigh riding are a matter of tradition, but in such nipping weather they become, at least, doubtful. But sleighs go dashing along the avenues, filled with people almost buried in robes and wraps, who seem to be deluding themselves with the notion that they are having a good time. The hills afford fine coasting, and the small boy, who defies the elements, is about the only person who really enjoys the spell of weather. THE SOLDIERS OPPOSE HIM.

There is likely to be vigorous opposition in the Senate to the confirmation of ex-Gov. Glick, of Kansas, as Pension Agent at Topeka. Mr. Glick has gained some reputation as a political phenomenon, being the only Democrat that was ever elected Governor of Kansas-a State that has always been famous for the size of its Republican majorities. With this for his stock in trade he was, for months, a persistent seeker after office under the new Administration. He even aspired to a Cabinent position, but concluded later that he would be satisfied with being Commissioner of the Land Office, Indian Affairs or Internal Revenue, or First Assistant Postmaster-General. Failing in all these he dropped a peg and announced his willingness to take almost anything. The President at length appointed him Pension Agent. The large number of ex-soldiers in Kansas are said to be almost unanimous in their opposition to his confirmation. They charge that Glick was violently opposed to the prosecution of the war, and have republished one of his speeches delivered in 1861, in which he declared that the answer of Gov. Jackson, of Missouri, to President's Lincoln's call for troops, refusing to furnish a man, was as patriotic and able a paper as the Declaration of Independence or the Farewell Address of Washington. They aver that as a member of the Legislature he voted against every war measure and opposed every resolution of thanks to the soldiers of Kansas, and that he has denounced the pension legislation of Congress and maligned the memory of Lincoln and Grant. The room of the Senate Committee on Pensions is flooded with protests against his confirmation. The disabled veterans of the war say they do not want to receive their pensions at the hands of a man who has publicly declared they are not entitled to them.

Last week Senator Van Wyck introduced a resolution to require the street railway companies in the District of Columbia to make annual reports of their earnings, and in other respects to comply with the laws under which they were chartered and granted their valuable franchises. Mr. Van Wyck arraigned the companies for their derelictions in a scathing speech, in which he was heartily seconded by Senators Hoar, Ingalls, Plumb, Edmunds, and others. The notorious mismanagement of Washington railways, and the failure to meet the necessities and consult the convenience of the people, were set forth in strong terms. The use of the T rail, so injurious to vehicles of every | draped with back crape over its sides and back description, was especially condemned, as well as the neglect to provide sufficient cars for the use of the patrons of the reads. The resolution was placed in the hands of the Senate District Committee, of which Mr. Ingalls is Chairman, and that gentleman assured the Senators that the subject should receive prompt and thorough attention. Senator Van Wyck deserves the thanks of Washington people for his energy in top-which seems to invite to a doze, as the the matter.

AFTER THE STREET RAILROADS.

THE SILVER QUESTION. Some time ago Mr. Manton Marble was sent to Europe, as the representative of this Government, to ascertain the sentimens of foreign Governments in regard to the establishment of an international ratio between gold and silver. The result of his negotiations is shown in an Executive communication sent to the Senate by the President a few days ago. There was no letter from Mr. Marble personally, but one from the Secretary of State informing the President what had been done, and letters from American Ministers abroad. Mr. Pheips says in his letter that he is satisfied that the British Government will inflexibly adhere to its past and present policy in respect to coinage and that it will not depart from the gold standard now so long used. Minister McLane writes from Paris that France will not permit an unrestricted or even a limited coinage of silver at her mints. Minister Pendleton says that the adhesion of Germany to an international bimetallic union, such as was proposed by the United States and France in 1881, can scarcely be expected within any limit of time

now to be predicted.

BURIED IN WASHINGTON. Hon. John B. Raymond, who died at Fargo, ilak., a week ago, made many friends in Washington during his service in the last Congress as Delegate from that Territory. Near the close of the last session his wife, a most esti- office of Vice-President has long been conmable and accomplished lady, died here. Her sidered a sleepy one. There are double cushbody was placed in a vault in Rock Creek Come- jons of morocco on the seat, as Senator Edmunds, inter the remains here or at Fargo. Before his him, had a second cushion made to raise him death he expressed a wish to be buried at Wash- up a little. ington with his wife. In accordance with his desire his remains were sent to this city and placed in the vault. Mrs. Raymond left two be lowered or raised at pleasure, is of black beautiful little girls, aged six and eight years, | walnut with cane seat and back. Some sightwho, having no near relatives in position to care for them, were taken in charge by Senator and Mrs. Sabin, of Minnesota. As the latter have no children they will probably adopt them permanently. Senator Sabin will purchase a cometery lot for the bodies of Mr. and Mrs. | tives?" at his reply: "Locked up in Rivers Raymond, and they will be buried in the Spring. | and Harbers." He meant that the chair was Mr. Raymond owned one of the finest farms in Northwestern Dakota, comprising 10,000 acres, and Harbors customarily meets. on the line of the Northwestern Pacific Road, near Fargo.

THE NEW YORK PENSION AGENCY. orders from the Pension Office to examine the | Confederate cavalry leaders, was one of those pension rolls of the New York agency, has com- | seemingly anomalous things that cannot easily pleted its labors and submitted its report. Four | be explained. It was a marked characteristic hundred and eighty-nine names are recom- of Grant that his friendships were lasting. mended to be dropped from the rolls owing to They were only broken for the best of reasons, death of pensioner or other causes. In 29 cases | While Grant was President he sent Mosby to further examination will be made. Two Nota- | China, as Consul at Hong Kong, the duties of ries Public are reported for illegal acts in con- which office he discharged in a very satisfacnection with pension vouchers. In 111 cases | tory manner. He was removed by the present the whereabouts of pensioners could not be as- administration, and has opened a law office in the Interior on appeal from the decision of the certained; in such cases full identification is | San Francisco. It is said that but a few days required before payment is made. The Com- before his death Gen. Grant wrote to Senator missioner of Pensions has issued an order in | Stanford, of California, asking that he would accordance with the recommendations of the committee.

SPARKS AND THE LAWYERS.

Land Commissioner Sparks has issued a set of rules respecting clerks and attorneys that

without special permission of the Chief of Di-

THREE BIG CHAIRS. We give to-day drawings of the chairs used by the three highest officers of the Government -the President of the United States, the President of the Senate, and Speaker of the House of Representatives-when engaged in the discharge of their official duties; not that the chairs themselves are in any degree remarkable, but because with each of those officers custom has made the chair to a certain extent typical of the duties of the incumbent and the "out-

ward and visible sign " of them. We speak, for instance, as in the old campaign songs, of placing the man of our choice There in the President's Chair, the People's in the White House, or Executive Mansion. By parliamentary usage the presiding officer of each House of Congress is mentioned in the debates as "the Chair," and always in addressing his House each of those officers speaks of himself as "the Chair," though in speaking in

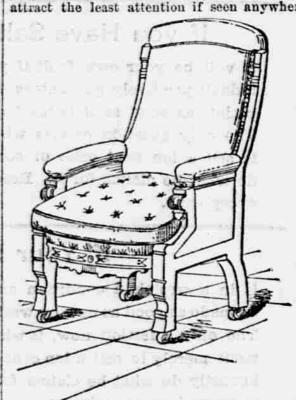


THE PRESIDENT'S CHAIR.

the Senate a member of that body begins always "with "Mr. President," turning to the presiding officer; while in the House of Representatives remarks are addressed to "Mr. Speaker," and it is only when he must be mentioned in the third person that the Members speak of him as "the Chair."

The President's chair shown in the illustration is that President Cleveland uses when presiding at meetings of the Cabinet. He then sits at the head of a long table in what is known as "the Cabinet room," and has his back to the south. On his right sits the Secretary of State and on his left the Secretary of the Treasury; next the former is the Secretary of War, and the second seat on the left is that of the Secretary of the Navy. The Postmaster-General, Attorney-General, and Secretary of the Interior low certain soldiers and sailors in the United take seats in the order named. The President's chair is of black curled wal-

nut, with cane seat and back, and would not attract the least attention if seen anywhere

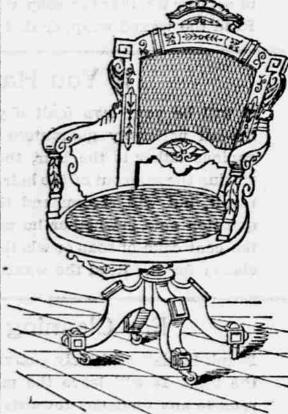


THE VICE-PRESIDENT'S CHAIR. without its use being known. It is not a revolving chair like that of the Speaker, or a lounging one like that of the presiding officer of the Senate, but has rather a straight back, and stands firmly on four legs.

The chair of the President of the Senate now used by Senator Sherman is the same diers and sailors who are utterly helpless from which Senator Edmunds used while President pro tempore of that body, but not the same which the more rotund and ponderous David Davis, of Illinois, used when he presided in the Senate in the same capacity between October, 1881,

and March 4, 1883. The late Vice-President Hendricks rarely used this chair, as he preferred one such as the Senators on the floor use when the Senate is in session. But it was this chair which was after the Vice-President's death, and it wore this badge of mourning for more than 30 days. The frame of the chair is of very handsome black walnut, and it is upholstered in red morecco, in most luxurious style.

Its back is at such an angle to the seat as to make it almost a reclining chair, and it has a head rest-a round stuffed cushion across the



THE SPEAKER'S CHAIR. Ir. Raymond was undecided whether to | finding this chair not quite high enough for

The Speaker's chair, which, as the illustration shows, revolves on a pivot, so that it can seers in the Capitol who desired to see this chair during the recess of Congress, were very much surprised, when they asked the Speaker's messenger, "Where is the chair the Speaker sits in when presiding in the House of Representain the room in which the Committee on Rivers

GRANT AND MOSBY. The strong friendship between Gen. Grant and Col. John Mosby, one of the most daring The Committee of Special Examiners, under | and troublesome of the hard-riders among the as a favor to himself, look after and assist his

CALLERS AT THE NATIONAL TRIBUNE OFFICE. Elnathan Meade, Co. C. 44th N. Y. Comrade | certificate of disability or for promotion before are very stringent. The latter will not be per- Meade is probably the only man in the country | the expiration two years, and who have not mitted to visit the rooms occupied by the re- | who received a musket bullet through the head, | received \$100 bounty. Mr. Brown (Ohio), H. spective Divisions of the Land Office, nor to and still survives. He was wounded at the R. 1804, granting 160 acres of land to certain interview the Chiefs of Divisions or clerks | Wildnerness. He is in good health, but is not |

friend Mosby when he should return from

An Epitome of its Proceedings the Past Week.

Congress reassembled last Tuesday after the two weeks' holiday recess. The members were nearly all in their seats and ready to plunge into business. In the House the call of States for the introduction of bills was resumed where it was broken off by the adjournment before Nominee," justead of saying we will put him | Christmas. This occupied nearly three days, every member having from six to 30 bills ready to throw into the hopper. Thus far in the House over 3,000 bills have been introduced, and in the Senate nearly 1,000. Fully twothirds of these are private bills to grant pensions and relief of various kinds to individual soldiers of the late war. A large number of bills have been introduced relative to pensions, bounties, and kindred matters. As yet, of course, nothing has been done with them except to refer them to the various committees to which they belong. These introduced last week were as follows:

GENERAL PENSION LAWS. Mr. Lovering (Mass.), H. R. 1096, granting pensions for services in the army and navy of the United States during the war of the rebellion. Mr. White (Pa.), H. R. 2185, for the relief of soldiers of the war of 1861 and their dependent relatives. Mr. La Follette (Wis.), granting pensions to disabled soldiers and sailors of the National army in the war for the Union. Mr. Price (Iowa), to equalize and increase pensions in certain cases; also, to grant pensions to survivors in the army, navy, and States relating to pensions, and certain laws | ing the war. relating to pensions, enacted since the revision of the statutes, and for other purposes. Mr. Price (Iowa), to extend the benefits of the pension laws. Mr. Curtin (Pa.), H. R. 2035, to increase pensions in certain cases. Mr. Brown (Pa.), H. R. 2149, to amend the pension laws of the United

THE LOSS OF LIMBS AND EYES. Mr. McKinley (Ohio), providing that every officer, soldier, seaman or marine who lost a limb for the Union in the late war, and who has received or was entitled to receive an artificial limb from the War Department since the leg by amputation, or paralysis, in the line of duty. Mr. Sessions (N. Y.), H. R. 1646, to al-States service increased pay where they have lost both eyes, both arms, both legs, or who are totally disabled. Mr. Mitchell (Pa.), S. 927, to extend the benefits of the act approved March 3, 1879, and the act of March 3, 1885, to certain pensioners whose disabilities are caused by amputation, and increasing the rate therefor, and for other purposes. Mr. Miller (N. Y.), S. 833, both legs, or the sight of both eyes, or other in juries resulting in total helplessness. Mr. Cutcheon (Mich.), H. R. 1165, to increase the pensions of soldiers and sailors who have suffered amputation of an arm or leg. Mr. Logan (Ill.), S. 958, and Mr. Wait (Conn.), to increase the pension of ex-Union soldiers who have lost the sight of one eye.

FOR DEAFNESS. Mr. Wait (Conn.), to increase the rate of pension for deafness.

THE AGED AND HELPLESS. Mr. Cutcheon (Mich.), H. R. 1163, granting pensions to certain soldiers and sailors of the United States in the late war who have attained the age of 62 years and who are disabled from gaining a livelihood or who are dependent. Mr. Bayne (Pa.) H. R. 2006, providing pensions for Union soldiers of the war of the rebellion who are or shall become disabled or dependent on their own labor for support, and the dependent widows and minor children and parents of Union soldiers of the late war. Mr. Curtin (Pa.), H. R. 2036, to equalize the pensions of all "utterly helpless" pensioned soldiers and sailors. Mr. Grout (Vt.), granting pensions to all invalid soldiers of the United States in the late civil war who are dependent unon their daily labor for their support. Mr. La Follette (Wis.), to amend chapter 136 of the laws of 1880, relating to certain pensioned solinjuries received or disease contracted while in the United States service.

DEPENDENT RELATIVES. Mr. La Follette (Wis.), increasing pensions of all pensioned widows, granting pensions to widows, granting pensions to widows of pensioners, and granting pensions to certain widows of persons who die with applications for pensions pending, upon such widows completing proof in husband's case, without requiring widow to show that husband's death resulted from disability contracted in service. Mr. Townshend (III.), granting pensions at the rate of \$12 per month to all widows and minor children of soldiers receiving pensions at the time of their death, without requiring proof that they died from disability incurred in the military and naval service. Mr. Warner (Ohio), H. R. 1830, extending pensions to all widows and minor children of deceased pensioned soldiers. Mr. Geddes (Ohio), H. R. 1930, to regulate the granting of pensions to dependent relatives. Mr. Weber (N. Y.), H. R. 1581, relating to claims for pensions by dependent parents. Mr. Cutcheon (Mich.), H. R. 1161, to increase the pensions of widows and orphans of soldiers and sailors, and for other purposes. Mr. Brown Ohio), to restore to the pension-roll widows of the late war, who have been dropped from the roll by reason of remarriage, in cases where they have again become or may hereafter become widows.

PENSIONS FOR PRISONERS OF WAR. Mr. La Follette (Wis.), granting pensions to certain disabled soldiers and sailors of the war for the Union, who were confined in so-called Confederate prisons, and also granting a certain per diem to the widows of such soldiers and sailors as died in said prisons. Mr. Ezra B. Taylor (Ohio), H. R. 1843, granting a pension to soldiers and sailors confined in Confederate prisons. Mr. Anderson (Kan.), granting pensions to certain Union soldiers and sailors of the late war of the rebellion, who were confined in so-called Confederate prisons. OTHER WARS.

Messrs. Anderson (Kan.), Houk (Tenn.) Reid (N. C.), Negley (Pa.), Atkinson (Pa.), Barksdale (Miss.), Viele (N. Y.), Neal (Tenn.), Richardson (Tenn.), and Throckmorton (Tex.), bills granting pensions to survivors of the war of 1812, the Mexican war, and the Florida, Black Hawk, and other Indian wars.

THE ARREARS LIMITATION. McKinley (Ohio), H. R. 1831, to rep March 3, 1879, making appropriations for the payment of arrears of pensions. Mr. Grosvenor (Ohio), H. R. 1891, to remove the limitations in pension cases, to increase certain pensions, and for other purposes. Mr. Ballen-tine (Tenn.), H. R. 2259, to allow arrears of pension to certain invalid pensioners whose names were dropped from the pension-roll and by act of Congress subsequently restored. Mr. Rowell (Ill.), to change the date of filing certain pension claims. Bills to repeal the limitation clause of the arrears act were also introduced by Messrs. Price (Iowa), Grout (Vt.), Geddes (Ohio), and Laird (Neb.)

TO REGULATE EVIDENCE. Mr. Tarsney (Mich.), H. R. 1226, to regulate evidence in certain cases in the Pension Office. Mr. Laird (Neb.), H. R. 1424, regulating the proof required in certain pension cases, and for other purposes. Mr. Houk (Tenn.), H. R. 2371,

Commissioner of Pensions. BOUNTIES, ETC.

Mr. Cutcheon (Mich), H. R. 1170, to provide for the payment of a bounty of \$100 to soldiers and enlisted men in the military service of the United States under the act of July 22, 1861, and who were discharged by reason of Surgeon's soldiers and sailors and marines, who served in apon matters of official business, except by order of the Commissioner, while clerks will not be allowed to receive visitors at their desks wind or body.

Widnerness. He is in good health, but is not soldiers and sailors and marines, who served in allowed to pursue any employment which devivors. He is in good health, but is not soldiers and sailors and marines, who served in allowed to pursue any employment which devivors. With the late war of the rebellion, and to their surmands steady, long-continued effort of either vivors. Mr. White (Pa.), H. R. 2183, for the late war in regard relief of soldiers of the late war in regard relief of soldiers of the late war in regard relief. Without the late war of the rebellion, and to their surmands steady, long-continued effort of either vivors. Mr. White (Pa.), H. R. 2183, for the relief of soldiers of the late war in regard relief.

to bounties. Mr. Scott (Pa.), H. R. 1994, to provide for the payment of bounty to re-enlisted volunteers. Mr. Grosvenor (Ohio), H. R. 1890, Mr. LeFeyre (Ohio), H. P. 1890, Mr. LeFeyre (Ohio) R. 1890, Mr. LeFevre (Ohio), H. R. 1796, and R. 1890, Mr. LeFevre (Ohio), H. R. 1796, and Mr. Houk (Tenn.), H. R. 2367, to equalize the bounties of soldiers who served in the late war for the Union.

| Military Affairs—Bragg, Wis; Wheeler, Ala; Wolford, Ky; Ermentront, Pa; Dargan, S C; Findlay, Md; Viele, N Y; Anderson, Ohio; Steele, Ind; Laird, Neb; Cutcheon, Mich; Houk, Tenn; Neg-

RELIEF OF CERTAIN OFFICERS AND OTHERS. Mr. Houk (Tenn.), H. R. 2372, for the relief of certain officers of the army for services actually performed during the rebellion. Mr. Bayne (Pa.), H. R. 2008, to provide for the muster and pay of certain officers and enlisted men. Mr. Le Fevre (Ohio), H. R. 1798, to fix the rank of officers of the army hereafter retired by reason of wounds received in action. Mr. Heuk (Tenn.), H. R. 2368, for the relief of certain honorably discharged non-commissioned officers named therein. Mr. Laird (Neb.), H. R. 1432, to equalize the pay of Hospital Stew-ards of the army with that of other officers of like rank. Mr. Manderson (Neb.), S. 920, to confer brevet promotion on officers of the United States Army particularly distinguished by heroic action in Indian warfare, and for other purposes. Mr. Long (Mass.), H. R. 1082, granting a pension to Mary A. ["Mother"] Bickerdyke.

CORRECTION OF SOLDIERS' RECORDS. Mr. Butterworth (Ohio), H. R. 1776, to authorize the Secretary of War to correct the record of certain meritorious soldiers of the war and secure to them an honorable discharge from the service, and to provide for the payment of the salary and bounty withheld from such soldiers by reason of their alleged desertion. Mr. Boutelle (Me.), H. R. 1017, to relieve certain appointed or enlisted men of the navy and marine corps from the charge of desertion. TELEGRAPH OPERATORS.

Mr. Logan (Ill.), S. 841, conferring military rank on telegraph operators in the military marine corps of the United States. Mr. Ander- | service. Mr. Haynes (N. H.), H. R., 1466; Mr. son (Ohio), H. R. 1875, to amend certain sec- Dunham (III.), and Mr. Warner (Mo.), H. R. tions of the Revised Statutes of the United | 1365, for the relief of telegraph operators dur-

> PREFERENCE FOR SOLDIERS AND SAILORS. Mr. Beach (N. Y.), H. R. 1565, to amend Section 1754 of the Revised Statutes so as to give honorably-discharged soldiers and sailors a preference in public appointments. A similar bill was introduced by Mr. Atkinson (Pa.), H.

DONATION OF CONDEMNED CANNON, ETC. Mr. Sawyer (N. Y.), donating condemned cannon and cannon-balls to the village of Albion, Orleans Co., N. Y., and to the village of Nunda, Livingston Co., N. Y. Mr. Hayden (Mass.), authorizing the Secretary of War to 17th of June, 1870, shall be entitled to a new | deliver to Somerville Post, G.A.R., Somerville, artificial limb, or commutation therefor, at the Mass., four condemned gun-carriages, to be used expiration of every three years from that day; for monumental purposes. Mr. Milliken (Me.), also, H. R. 1832, granting a pension of \$72 per to donate condemned cast-iron cannon to month to soldiers who have lost an arm and Thomas H. Marshall Post, No. 41, G.A.R.; also, to the citizens of Waterville, Me.

MEDALS AND PRIZE MONEY. Mr. McAdoo (N. J.), H. R. 1483, to provide suitable medals for the survivors of the officers and crew of the United States sloop-of-war Cumberland. Mr. Wise (Va.), H. R. 2515, for the relief of the officers and crew of the United States sloop-of-war Cumberland. Mr. O'Neill (Pa.), H. R. 2050, appropriating prize-money due to the survivors of Farragut's fleet for to increase the pension for loss of both arms, or | captures made in the Mississippi River in April,

> STATE TROOPS. Mr. Goff (W. Va.), for the relief of West Virginia troops acting under authority of the Governor of said State during the late war. Mr. White (Pa.), H. R. 2184, for the relief of soldiers of Co. E, 1st Mo. L. A., late Light Battalion Mississippi Marine Brigade.

WAR CLAIMS.

Mr. Goff (W. Va.), to recognize and pay certain claims due by the State of West Virginia to citizens thereof for services to the United States in the late war, and which are properly chargeable to the United States. Mr. McComas (Md.), H. R. 1053, to afford further relief to

IN MEMORIAM. A letter was read in both Houses from Gov. Hoadly, of Ohio, presenting to the Nation. in behalf of the State of Ohio, the marble statue of President James A. Garfield, made by order of the Legislature of that State, and now in the Statuary Hall of the Capitol. A concurrent resolution accepting the statue with thanks was adopted. An eloquent eulogy upon the life, character and public services of Gen. Garfield was delivered by Mr. Sherman in the Senate. and Mr. E. B. Taylor, in the House, gave notice that he would speak on the subject at a future

Senator Blair (N. H.), S. 817 and 818, to provide for the erection of monuments to the memory of Abraham Lincoln and Ulysses S. Grant. The bill proposes to appropriate \$1,000,-000 for each of these, they to be erected in Washington, similar in plan to the Washington

Mr. Dowdney (N. Y)., H. R. 1603, for the erection and completion of a monument to the memory of the late Gen. Ulysses S. Grant, in the city of New York. Mr. McComas (Md.), tories, with a provision to submit the same to H. R. 34, providing for the erection of a monu- the voters thereof for ratification. ment at Frederick, Md., over the grave of Francis Scott Key, the author of the "Star-Spangled

Mr. Seney (Ohio), to aid the Maumee Valley Monumental Association to commemorate forts and battlefields of the war of 1812 in Ohio and | fic. Indiana. Mr. Phelps (N. J.), to encourage societies of the vicinage to erect monuments on the few important battlefields of the Revolution yet unmarked.

NATIONAL HOME.

A communication was presented from Gen. W. B. Franklin, President of the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers, Hartford, Conn., notifying the Senate of the death of Gen. | to establish uniform laws on the subject of Geo. B. McClellan, which event caused a vacancy | marriage and divorce. in the board of managers of that institution: also from the Board of Managers of the Na- civil service of the United States an opportional Home, transmitting their report for the tunity to inspect charges which may be filed fiscal year ended June 30, 1885.

Mr. Negley (Pa.), H. R. 2073, to provide for the location and erection of a branch Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers west of the under the homestead laws. Rocky Mountains. Mr. Symes (Colo.) and Mr. Laird (Neb.), H. R. 1438, to authorize the location of a branch Home for Volunteer Disabled | the admission of the State of Washington. Soldiers in either of the States of Iowa, Minnesota, Nebraska, Colorado or Dakota Territory, and for other purposes.

THE HOUSE COMMITTEES.

On Thursday Speaker Carlisle announced the Standing Committees. Below are the important committees in full, the first named in each case being the Chairman. The Committee on "Invalid Pensions" has jurisdiction in all matters of that nature appertaining to the war of the rebellion, and the Committee on "Pensions" in those of all other wars. Invalid Pensions-Matson, Ind; Winans, Mich;

Lovering, Mass; Neece, Ill; Swope, Pa; Taulbee, Ky; Pidcock, N J; Ellsberry, Ohio; Pindar, N Y; Morrill, Kan; Haynes, N H; O'Hara, N C; Sawyer, N Y; Conger, Iowa; Loutitt, Cal. Pensions-Eldredge, Mich; Wolford, Ky; Jones, Vla; Scott, Pa; Cowles, NC; Landis, III; Mahoney the limitation proviso of section 2 of the act of NY; Hutton, Mo; Struble, Iowa; Zachary Taylor, Tenn; Brady, Va; White, Pa; Thompson, Ohio. War Claims.—Geddes, Ohio; Kleiner, Ind; Stone, Ky; Timothy J Campbell, N H; Richardson, Tenn; Perry, S C; Comstock, Mich; Reed, N C; Libbey, Va; Smalls, S C; Hiestand, Pa; Johnston, Ind;

Lyman, Iowa.

Ways and Means-Morrison, Ill; Mills, Tex;
Hewitt, N Y; McMillen, Tenn; Harris, Ga; Breckheridge, Ark; Maybury, Mich; Breckinridge, Ky; Kelley, Pa; Hiscock, N Y; Browne, Ind; Reed, Me; McKinley, Ohio. Appropriations—Randall, Pa; Forney, Ala; Holman, Ind; Townshend, Ill; Burnes, Mo; Cabell, Va; Le Fevre, Ohio; Adams, N Y; Wilson, W.Va; Cannon, Ill; Ryan, Kan; Butterworth, Ohio; Long, Mass; McComas, Md; Henderson, Iowa. Judiciary-Tucker, Va; Hammond, Ga; Culbertson, Tex; Collins, Mass; Seney; Ohio; Oates, Ala; Eden, Ill; John H Rogers, Ark; Bennett, N C; E B Taylor, Ohio; Parker, N Y; Ranney, Mass; Hepburn, Iowa; Stewart, Vt; Caswell, Wis. Coinage, Weights and Measures—Bland, Mo; Lanham, Tex; Seymour, Conn; Hemphill, S C; Norwood, Ga; Scott, Pa; McCreary, Ky; Bynum, Ind; James, N Y; Rockwell, Mass; Little, Ohio;

other purposes. Mr. Houk (Tenn.), H. R. 2371, to amend the pension laws and to prescribe certain rules of evidence in pension cases.

TRIAL BY JURY.

Mr. Blair (N. H.), S. S16, to give the right of trial by jury to claimants of pensions under the laws of the United States whos applications have been rejected by the Secretary of the Interior on appeal from the decision of the Interior on appeal from the Interior of the Interior

Tenn; White, Minn; Funston, Kan; Price, Wis Hires, N J; Pierce, R I; Swinburne, N Y; Gifford Banking and Currency-Curtin, Pa; Miller, Tex; Candler, Ga; Wilkins, Ohio; Arnot, NY; Snyder, W Va; Howard, Ind; Hutton, Mo; Dingley, Me; Brumm, Pa; Adams, Ill; Brady, Va; Woodburn, Rivers and Harbors-Willis, Ky; Blanchard, La;

Jones, Ala; Murphy, Iowa; Gibson, W Va; Stew-art, Tex; Carleton, Mich; Catchings, Miss; Glover, Mo: Henderson, Ill; Bayne, Pa; Stone, Mass; Bur-leigh, N Y; Grosvenor, Ohio; Markham, Cal. Post-Offices and Post-Roads—Blount, Ga; Ward, Ind; Riggs, Ill; John M. Taylor, Tenn; Jones Tex; Dockery, Mo; Warner, Ohio; Merriman, N

ley, Pa; Carey, Wyo. Naval Affairs—Herbert, Ala; Hewitt, NY; Wise Va; Ballentine, Tenn; McAdoo, N J; Norwood, Ga; Lore, Del; Sayers, Tex; Harmer, Pa; Thomas, Ill; Goff, W Va; Boutelle, Me; Buck, Conn.

Public Lands—Cobb, Ind; Henley, Cal; Van Eaton, Miss; Foran, Ohio; Laffoon, Ky; Stone, Mo; Landis, Ill; McRae, Ark; Strait, Minn; Anderson, Fant, Payson Ill, Stoneberg, Wo. Lander, Mo; Landis, Ill; McRae, Ark; Strait, Minn; Anderson, Fant, Payson, Ill, Stoneberg, Will, Lander, Miss. son, Kan; Payson, Ill; Stephenson, Wis; Jackson, Pa; Voorhees, Wash Ter. Indian Affairs—Wellborn, Tex; Peel, Ark; Skin-

ner, N C; Storm, Pa; Felix Campbell, N Y; Hale,
Mo; Allen, Miss; Ward, Ill; Perkins, Kan; Nelson, Minn; Sessions, N Y; Allen, Mass; La Follette, Wis; Hailey, Idaho.
Labor—O'Neill, Mo; Foran, Ohio; Lovering,
Mass; Weaver, Iowa; Lawler, Ill; Daniel, Va;
Tarsney, Mich. Crain, Tox. Evanster, Kan. Lover Mass; Weaver, Iowa; Lawler, Ill; Daniel, Va; Tarsney, Mich; Crain, Tex; Funston, Kan; James, NY; Haynes, NH; Bound, Pa; Buchanan, NJ. Civil-Service Reform—Cox, NC; Clements, Ga; Storn, Pa; Blanchard, La; Findlay, Md; Mitchell, Conn; Stone, Mo; Pulitzer, NY; Bayne, Pa; Spooner, RI; Little, Ohio; Lehlbach, NJ; Farquhar, NY.

Alcoholie Liquor Traffie—Campbell, Ohio; Carleton, Mich; Frederick, Iowa; Taulbee, Ky; Glover, Mo; Sayers, Tex; Merriman, NY; Price, Wis; Everhart, Pa; Lindsley, NY; Romeis, Ohio.

The Chairmen of the remaining committees

The Chairmen of the remaining committees are as follows:

are as follows:

Elections—Turner, Ga; Territories—Hill, Ohlo; Railroads and Canals—Davidson, Fla; Manufactures—Wise, Va; Mines and Mining—Clardy, Mo; Public Buildings and Grounds—Dibble, S C; Pacific Railroads—Throckmorton, Tex; Levees and Improvements on the Mississippi River—King, La; Education—Aiken, S C; Militia—Muller, N Y; Patents—Mitchell, Conn; Claims—Springer, Ill; Private Claims—Halsell, Ky; District of Columbia—Barbour, Va; Revision of the Law—Oates, Ala; Expenditures in State Department—Bennett, N C; Expenditures in Treasury Department—Lowry, Ind; Expenditures in War Department—Robertson, Ky; Expenditures in Navy Department—J. M. son, Ky; Expenditures in Navy Department—J. M. Taylor, Tenn; Expenditures in Post Office Depart-ment—Reese, Ga; Expenditures in Interior De-partment—Weaver, Iowa; Expenditures in Department of Justice-Gibson, W Va; Expenditures in Department of Justice-Gibson, W Va; Expenditures on Public Buildings and Grounds-Beach, N Y; Accounts-Spriggs, N Y; Library-Singleton, Miss; American Ship-building and Ship-owning Interests-Dunn, Ark; Election of President and Vice-President-Caldwell, Tenn. THE COLORED PEOPLE.

Senator Logan introduced a bill (S. 844) creiting a commission whose duty it shall be to inquire into and report upon the material, industrial, and intellectual progress made by the colored people of this country since 1865, and making appropriations for the same.

PAYMENT OF BONDS IN SILVER.

Senator Eustis (La.) introduced a resolution which, if adopted, will make a flurry in financial circles. After a preamble, reciting that the silver dollar has been fully legalized as the equivalent of gold, while it has been the invariable practice, up to this date, of the Secretary of the Treasury, under existing legislation, to pay in gold coin the bonds redeemed and the interest on outstanding bonds; it declares "that in the opinion of Congress the \$10,000,000 of bonds called by the Secretary and payable on the 1st of February, 1886, should be paid in silver dollars, such payment being in strict compliance with existing law and in aid of the financial policy established by the legislation of Congress."

POLYGAMY IN UTAH.

The Senate spent a large part of the week in considering the bill for the suppression of polygamy in Utah. The subject was exhaustvely discussed in all its phases. A motion to strike out the clause prohibiting the right of suffrage to women was lost by a vote of ayes 11, noes 38. The Senate passed the bill at the close of the week, with only seven negative votes. The terms of the bill are very stringent, and will, it is believed, prove effective in extirpating this great evil. There is no doubt of its passage by the House.

RAILROAD PASSES TO PUBLIC OFFICERS. Mr. Anderson (Kan.) introduced a bill prohibiting the use of railroad and other passes loyal citizens of States not in rebellion for and of telegraph franks by Members of the Conproperty taken by the Army of the United gress and Judiciary of the United States. It provides that any such officer accepting and using a railroad pass or telegraph frank shall forfeit his salary, and imposes a fine of \$1,000 upon the representative of any railroad or telegraph company who offers a pass or frank to any such official.

> POSSIBLE CHANCE FOR MORE "SOLDIERING." Mr. Laird (Neb.) offered a joint resolution authorizing the President of the United States to raise two regiments of volunteer cavalry in the Territories of New Mexico and Arizona to suppress Indian hostilities therein.

MISCELLANEOUS MATTERS. Among the bills introduced were the follow-

Mr. Bingham (Pa.), granting the franking privilege to Julia D. Grant, widow of Gen.

Mr. Bingham (Pa.), extending the letter-carrier and free-delivery service to places containing a population of not less than 10,000. Mr. Ezra B. Taylor (Ohio), to restore the rates of duty on imported wool. Mr. Brown (Pa.), to regulate the manufacture

and sale of intoxicating liquors in the Terri-Mr. Buchanan (N. J.) and several others, repealing the internal revenue taxes upon tobacco and the various manufactures thereof.

Mr. Dingley (Me.), providing for a commission on the subject of the alcoholic liquor traf-Mr. Parker (N. Y.), to tax the manufacture and sale of oleomargarine; also, to regulate the

exportation of articles made in imitation of butter and cheese. Mr. McComas (Md.), to prevent the adultera tion of food and drugs. Mr. Beach (N. Y.), proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States so as

Mr. Buchanan (N. J.), to afford persons in the against them and to reply thereto. Mr. Dingley (Me.), to reserve the public

lands of the United States for bona-fide settlers Mr. Gifford (Dak.), for the admission of the State of Dakota, and Mr. Voorhees (Wash.), for Senator Cullom (Ill.), to facilitate promotions throughout the army by retiring from active service upon their own application officers of the army who served in the war of the rebel-

Mr. McComas (Md.), to prevent the use of the United States mails to advertise noxious and dangerous medicines. Mr. McComas (Md.), to establish a post-office savings-bank as a branch of the Post-Office Department; also, to establish a postal telegraph

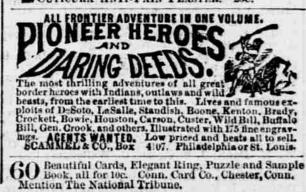
Mr. Bennett (N. C.), to prevent the intermarriage of the white and negro races in the District of Columbia. A large number of bills were introduced relative to the coinage of silver, and the redemption and retirement of the trade dollar.



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### And Headache

ton, Ind., writes: "Last year I suffered much from Billousness

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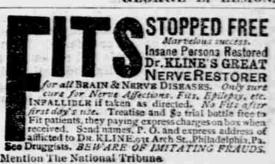
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